

Iterative Constructs

SESSION 6

Determining Average Magnitude

- ◆ Suppose we want to calculate the average apparent brightness of a list of five star magnitude values
 - Can we do it
 - ◆ Yes, it would be easy

- ◆ Suppose we want to calculate the average apparent brightness of a list of 8,479 stars visible from earth
 - Can we do it
 - ◆ Yes, but it would be horrible without the use of iteration

C# Iterative Constructs

Four constructs

- while statement
- for statement
- do-while statement
- foreach statement

While Syntax

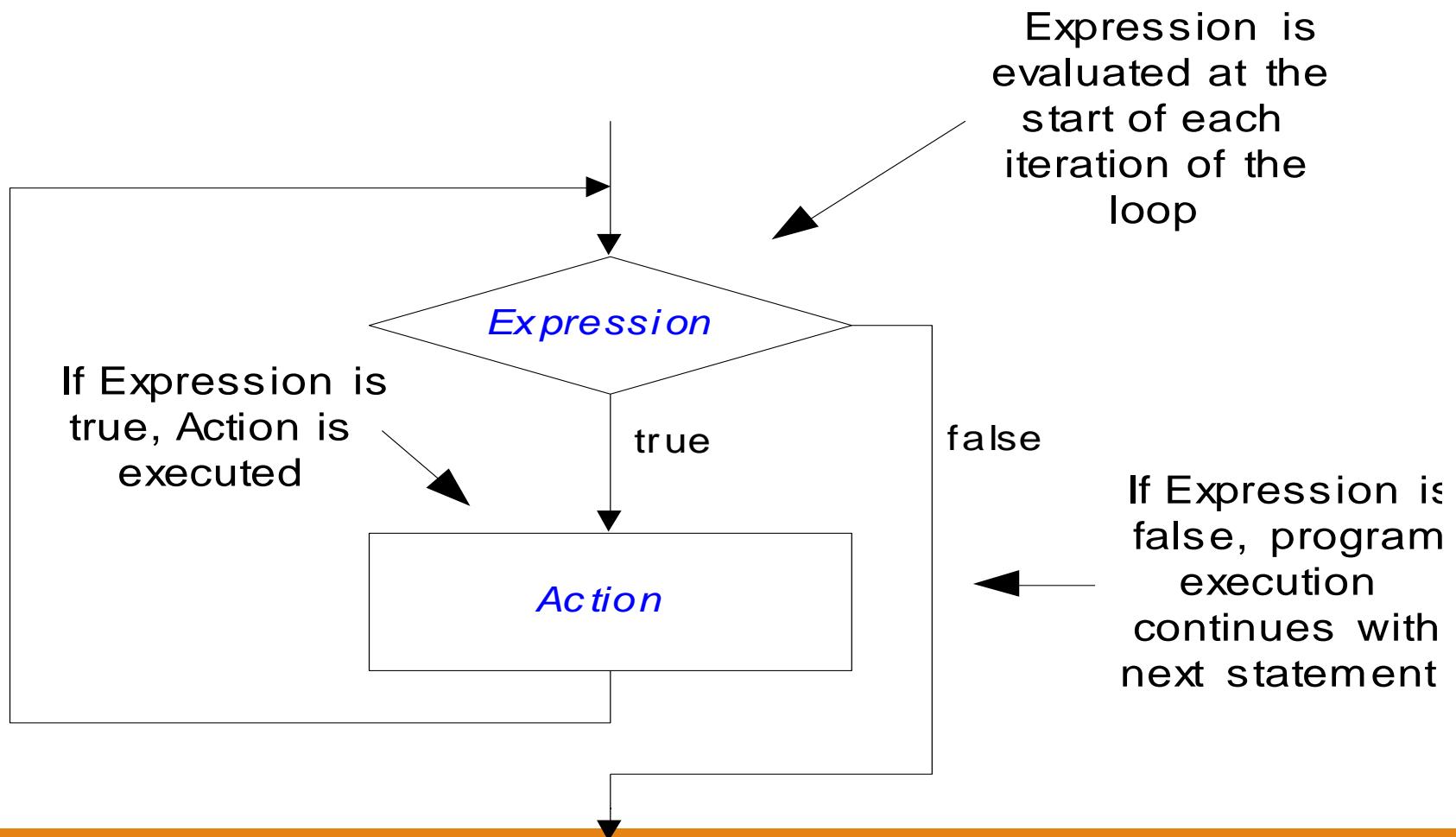
Logical expression that determines whether the action is to be executed

Action to be iteratively performed until logical expression is false

while (*Expression*) *Action*



While Semantics



The while loop

- The while loop iterates through the specified statements till the specified condition is true.
- Syntax :

```
while (condition)
{
    // Statements
}
```

- The break statement breaks out of the loop at anytime.
- The continue statement skips the current iteration and begins with the next iteration.

Computing an Average

```
int listSize = 4;  
  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
  
int sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    int value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize

4

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

listSize
numberProcessed

4
0

```
int listSize = 4;  
  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	0
sum	0

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	0
sum	0

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	0
sum	0
value	--

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	0
sum	0
value	1

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	0
sum	1
value	1

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	1
sum	1
value	1

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	1
sum	1
value	1

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	1
sum	1
value	--

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	1
sum	1
value	5

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	1
sum	6
value	5

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	2
sum	6
value	5

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
    double value;  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
    sum += value;  
    ++numberProcessed;  
}  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	2
sum	6
value	5

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	2
sum	6
value	--

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	2
sum	6
value	3

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	2
sum	9
value	3

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
    double value;  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
    sum += value;  
    ++numberProcessed;  
}  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	3
sum	9
value	3

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
    double value;  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
    sum += value;  
    ++numberProcessed;  
}  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	3
sum	9
value	3

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	3
sum	9
value	--

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	3
sum	9
value	1

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	3
sum	10
value	1

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	4
sum	10
value	1

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
    double value;  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
    sum += value;  
    ++numberProcessed;  
}  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	4
sum	10
value	1

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	4
sum	10
average	2.5

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6

Execution Trace

```
int listSize = 4;  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

listSize	4
numberProcessed	4
sum	10
average	2.5

Suppose input contains: 1 5 3 1 6



Execution Trace

Stays in stream until extracted

```
int listSize = 4;  
  
int numberProcessed = 0;  
  
double sum = 0;  
  
while (numberProcessed < listSize) {  
  
    double value;  
  
    value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```

Power of Two Table

```
const int TableSize = 20;

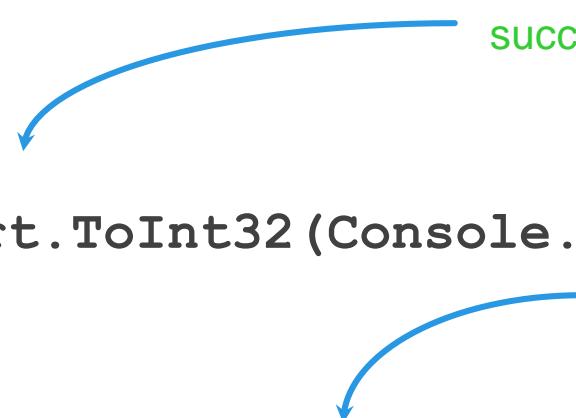
int i = 0;
long Entry = 1;

Console.WriteLine("i \t\t 2 ** i");

while (i < TableSize) {
    Console.WriteLine("{0} \t\t {1}", i, Entry);
    Entry = 2 * Entry;
    ++i;
}
```

Better Way of Averaging

```
int numberProcessed = 0;  
double sum = 0;  
  
double value;  
  
while (value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine())) {  
    sum += value;  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
  
Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);
```



The value of the input operation corresponds to true only if a successful extraction was made

What if list is empty?

Even Better Way of Averaging

```
int numberProcessed = 0;

---

  
double sum = 0;  
  
double value;  
  
while (value = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine())) {  
  
    sum += value;  
  
    ++numberProcessed;  
  
}  
  
if ( numberProcessed > 0 ) {  
  
    double average = sum / numberProcessed ;  
  
    Console.WriteLine("Average: {0}", average);  
  
}  
  
else {  
  
    Console.WriteLine("No list to average");  
  
}
```

The For Statement

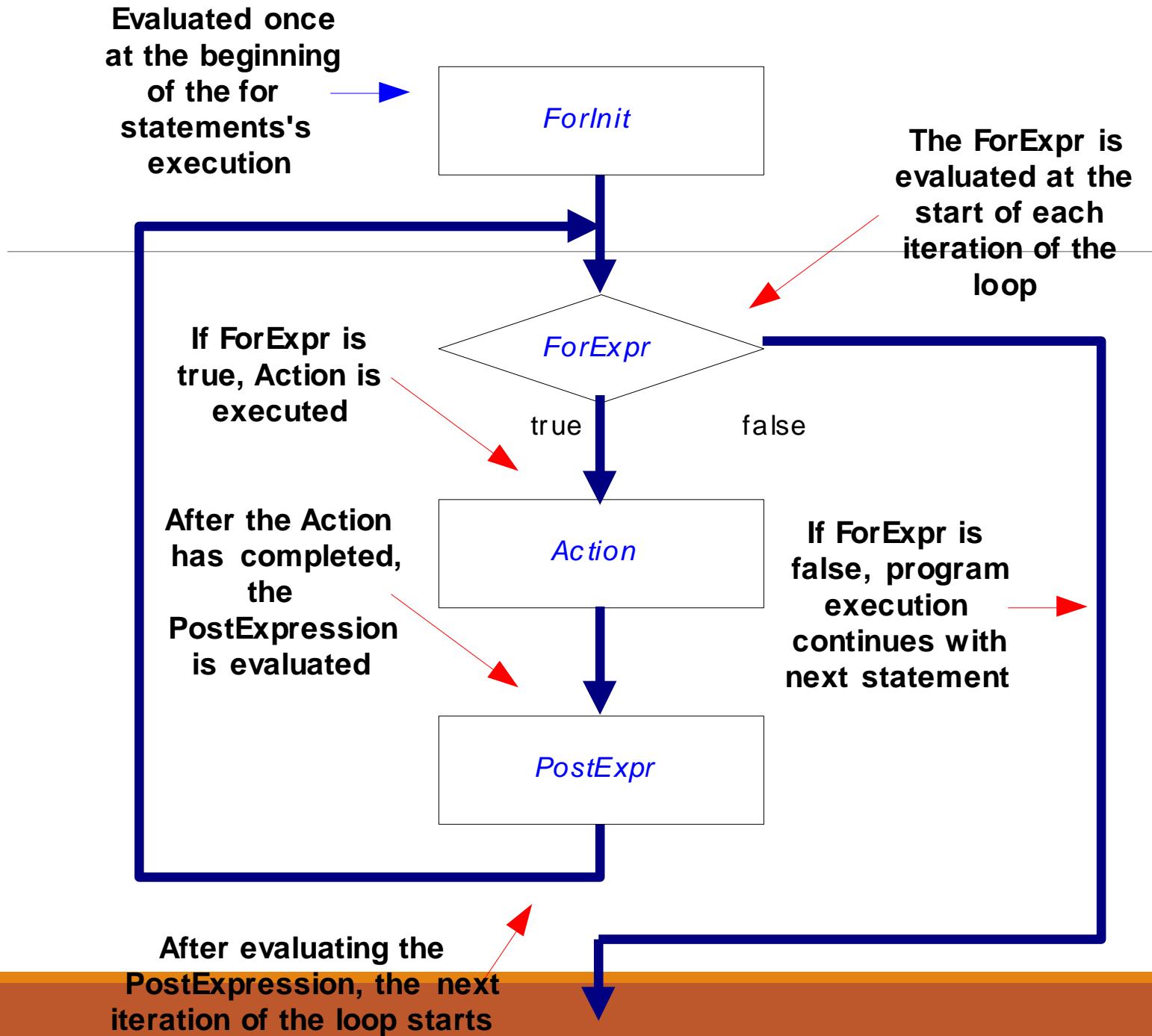
Syntax

for (*ForInit* ; *ForExpression*; *PostExpression*)

Action

Example

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
}
```



i

0

Execution Trace

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

Execution Trace



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

Execution Trace



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

i is 0

Execution Trace



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

i is 0

Execution Trace

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

i is 0

Execution Trace

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```



Execution Trace

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

i is 0

i is 1



Execution Trace

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

i is 0

i is 1

i

1

Execution Trace



A horizontal timeline with a blue line. A variable 'i' is shown above the line with its current value '2' highlighted in an orange box.

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

i is 0

i is 1

Execution Trace

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

i is 0

i is 1

i

2

Execution Trace

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

i is 0

i is 1

i is 2

i

2

Execution Trace

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

i is 0

i is 1

i is 2

i

2

Execution Trace

i 3

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

i is 0

i is 1

i is 2

Execution Trace

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

i is 0

i is 1

i is 2

i

3

Execution Trace

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {  
    Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i);  
  
}  
  
Console.WriteLine("all done");
```

i is 0
i is 1
i is 2
all done

i

3

Table Revisiting

```
const int TableSize = 20;

long Entry = 1;

Console.WriteLine("i \t\t 2**i");

for (int i = 0; i <= TableSize; ++i) {
    Console.WriteLine("{0} \t\t {1}", i, Entry);
    Entry *= 2;
}
```

Table Revisiting

```
const int TableSize = 20;

long Entry = 1;

Console.WriteLine("i \t\t 2**i");

for (int i = 0; i <= TableSize; ++i) {
    Console.WriteLine("{0} \t\t {1}", i, Entry);
    Entry *= 2;
}

Console.WriteLine("i is {0}", i); // illegal
```

The scope of `i` is limited
to the loop!

Nested Loop

```
int Counter1 = 0;
int Counter2 = 0;
int Counter3 = 0;
int Counter4 = 0;
int Counter5 = 0;

++Counter1;

for (int i = 1; i <= 10; ++i) {

    ++Counter2;

    for (int j = 1; j <= 20; ++j) {
        ++Counter3;
    }

    ++Counter4;
}

++Counter5;

Console.WriteLine("{0} {1} {2} {3} {4}", Counter1, Counter2, Counter3, Counter4,
Counter5);

Output:
1 10 200 10 1
```

Iteration Do's

Key Points

- Make sure there is a statement that will eventually terminate the iteration criterion
 - The loop must stop!
- Make sure that initialization of loop counters or iterators is properly performed
- Have a clear purpose for the loop
 - Document the purpose of the loop
 - Document how the body of the loop advances the purpose of the loop

The Do-While Statement

Syntax

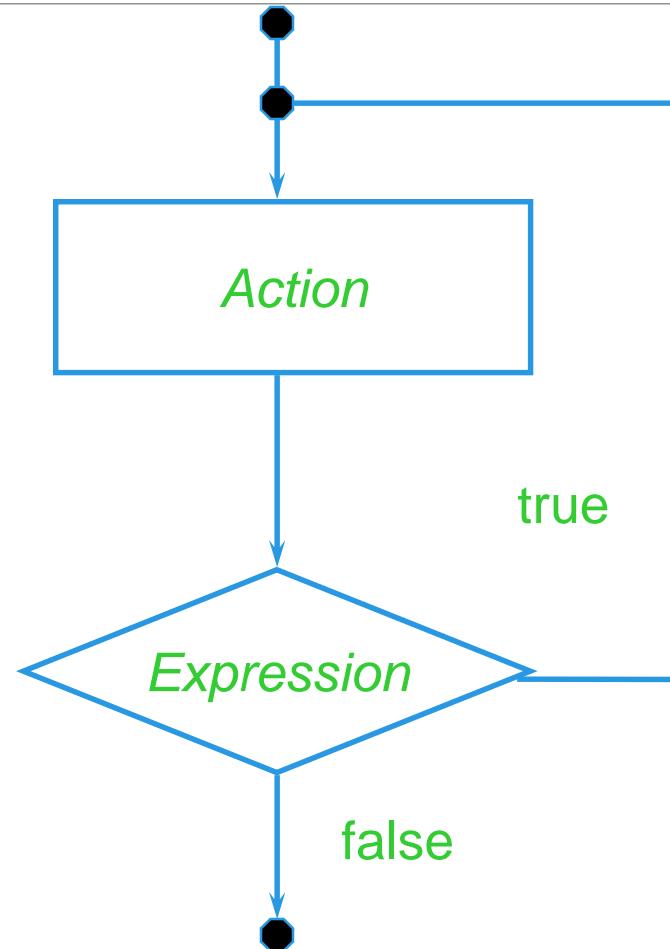
do *Action*

 while (*Expression*)

Semantics

- Execute *Action*
- If *Expression* is true then execute *Action* again
- Repeat this process until *Expression* evaluates to false

Action is either a single statement or a group of statements within braces



Waiting for a Proper Reply

```
char Reply;  
do {  
    Console.WriteLine("Decision (y, n): ");  
    Reply =  
        Convert.ToChar(Console.ReadLine());  
} while ((Reply == 'y') || (Reply == 'Y'));
```

The foreach loop (1)

- The foreach loop is used to iterate through a collection or an array.
- Syntax:

```
foreach (Type Identifier in expression)
{
    //Statements
}
```

The foreach loop (2)

➤ Example:

```
using System;

public class ForEachEx
{
    static void Main(String[] args)
    {
        foreach(String str in args)
        {
            Console.WriteLine(str);
        }
    }
}
```

➤ Output:

```
Scooby
Scrappy
Shaggy
```